



Gujarat

### Classification of industry

Rapid industrialisation by itself does not really generate significant growth in employment opportunities in the organised sector. In the liberalised environment when Indian industry is striving to be globally competitive, it cannot be burdened with surplus manpower. Employment quotient per unit of capital is comparatively higher in specific industrial sectors and service sector. The State Government intends to promote and encourage certain thrust areas in order to create adequate employment opportunities to absorb the youth entering the job market every year. These areas are as follows:

1. Electronics
2. Ancillary Development
3. Garments
4. Gems and Jewelleries
5. Food and Agro Processing Industry
6. Handlooms and Handicrafts.
7. Leather goods
8. Other labour-intensive industries